



IIA

Exam Questions IIA-CRMA-ADV

Certification in Risk Management Assurance

NEW QUESTION 1

- (Topic 1)

An internal auditor is conducting an engagement in the accounts payable department, which includes expressing an opinion at the micro level. According to IIA guidance, which of the following statements is true regarding micro-level opinions?

- * 1. They are most effective when using a combination of current and prior engagement findings to draw conclusions.
- * 2. They typically are based on defined procedures such as those found in an accounts payable reconciliation process.
- * 3. They are discrete and not normally shared with senior management or the board.
- * 4. They can rely on evidence taken from the work of other assurance activities across the organization.

- A. 1 and 2.
- B. 1 and 3.
- C. 2 and 3.
- D. 3 and 4.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 2

- (Topic 1)

Which of the following techniques would best assist an internal auditor in evaluating the efficiency of a wholesale grocery distributor's process to fill and package orders for shipping?

- A. A Bedford analysis of orders filled to average delivery times.
- B. Decision trees rating actual performance against requirements.
- C. Queuing theory to assess potential bottlenecks in the process.
- D. A program evaluation and review technique chart.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 3

- (Topic 1)

Which of the following is the most significant disadvantage of using checklists to evaluate internal controls?

- A. They serve as a reminder of what controls should exist in a process.
- B. They require yes/no responses to specific questions, not open-ended responses.
- C. They do not capture all controls that may exist.
- D. They are useful in assessing risk.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 4

- (Topic 1)

During an engagement, an internal auditor decided to use variance analysis as an auditing techniques. Which of the following steps should the auditor pursue if he discovers unexpected deviations of actual results from budget?

- A. Report the deviations immediately to the audit committee.
- B. Gather additional information to determine the cause of the deviations.
- C. Conclude that the budget was unreasonably set and accept the deviations.
- D. Perform alternative forms of analytical procedures which provide no deviations.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 5

- (Topic 1)

A staff auditor, nearly finished with an audit engagement, discovers that the director of marketing has a gambling habit. The gambling issue is not directly related to the existing engagement, and there is pressure to complete the current engagement. The auditor notes the problem and forwards the information to the chief audit executive, but performs no further follow-up.

Which of the following statements is true about the auditor's actions?

- A. They are in violation of the IIA Code of Ethics because the auditor withheld meaningful information.
- B. They are in violation of the Standards because the auditor did not properly follow up on a red flag that might indicate the existence of fraud.
- C. They are in violation of neither the IIA Code of Ethics nor the Standards.
- D. They are not in violation of the Standards but are in violation of the IIA Code of Ethics.

