



## Microsoft

### Exam Questions SC-401

Administering Information Security in Microsoft 365

**NEW QUESTION 1**

HOTSPOT - (Topic 1)

How many files in Site2 can User1 and User2 access after you turn on DLPpolicy1? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

## Answer Area

Number of files that User1 can access:

- 1
- 2
- 3
- 4

Number of files that User2 can access:

- 1
- 2
- 3
- 4

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

Understanding DLP Policy Impact on File Access

The DLP policy (DLPpolicy1) applies to Site2 and restricts access when: Content contains SWIFT Codes.

Instance count is 2 or more.

File Analysis (Based on SWIFT Codes Count)

File Name	SWIFT Codes Count	DLP Policy Restricts Access?
File1.docx	1	<input type="checkbox"/> No restriction (SWIFT codes < 2)
File2.bmp	4	<input type="checkbox"/> Restricted (SWIFT codes ≥ 2)
File3.txt	3	<input type="checkbox"/> Restricted (SWIFT codes ≥ 2)
File4.xlsx	7	<input type="checkbox"/> Restricted (SWIFT codes ≥ 2)

Files that remain accessible (not restricted by DLP):

File1.docx (Contains only 1 SWIFT Code Below restriction threshold) User access after DLP policy is applied:

User	Role in Site2	Access Rights	Can Access Files?
User1	Site Owner	Full Access	File1.docx, plus override access to another file
User2	Site Visitor	Read-only	File1.docx only

User1 (Site Owner):

Has higher privileges and can override DLP restrictions (through admin intervention). Can access 2 files (File1.docx + override access to another file).

User2 (Site Visitor):

Has read-only access but DLP blocks access to restricted files. Can only access 1 file (File1.docx), since all others are restricted.

**NEW QUESTION 2**

HOTSPOT - (Topic 1)

You need to meet the technical requirements for the confidential documents.

What should you create first, and what should you use for the detection method? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

**Answer Area**

Create first:

▼

A Compliance Manager assessment

A content search

A DLP policy

A sensitive info type

A sensitivity label

Use for detection method:

▼

Dictionary

File type

Keywords

Regular expression

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

To detect and protect confidential documents, we need a custom rule to identify project codes that start with 999 (since they are classified as confidential).

Box 1: A Sensitive Info Type (SIT) allows Microsoft Purview DLP policies to recognize structured data (e.g., project codes). DLP policies require a sensitive info type to detect content based on patterns, keywords, or dictionary terms. A sensitivity label alone does not define detection logic—it is used for classification and protection after content is identified.

Box 2: Since project codes follow a structured 10-digit pattern, we should use a Regular Expression (Regex) to match project codes that start with 999.

Example Regex pattern: 999\d{7}

This pattern detects a 10-digit number starting with "999".

**NEW QUESTION 3**

- (Topic 2)

You have a Microsoft 365 E5 tenant that has devices onboarded to Microsoft Defender for Endpoint as shown in the following table.

Name	Type
Device1	Windows 11
Device2	Windows 10
Device3	iOS
Device4	macOS

You plan to start using Microsoft 365 Endpoint data loss protection (Endpoint DLP). Which devices support Endpoint DLP?

- A. Device1 only
- B. Device1 and Device2 only
- C. Device1 and Device4 only
- D. Device1, Device2, and Device4 only
- E. Device1, Device2, Device3, and Device4

**Answer:** B

**Explanation:**

Microsoft 365 Endpoint data loss prevention (Endpoint DLP) is supported only on Windows 10 and Windows 11 devices. It does not support macOS or iOS at this time.

From the provided table:

Device1 (Windows 11) - Supported Device2 (Windows 10) - Supported Device3 (iOS) - Not supported Device4 (macOS) - Not supported  
 Thus, only Device1 and Device2 support Endpoint DLP.

**NEW QUESTION 4**

- (Topic 2)

You have a Microsoft 365 tenant.

You have a database that stores customer details. Each customer has a unique 13-digit identifier that consists of a fixed pattern of numbers and letters.

You need to implement a data loss prevention (DLP) solution that meets the following requirements:

Email messages that contain a single customer identifier can be sent outside your company.

Email messages that contain two or more customer identifiers must be approved by the company's data privacy team.

Which two components should you include in the solution? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. a sensitivity label
- B. a sensitive information type
- C. a DLP policy
- D. a retention label
- E. a mail flow rule

**Answer:** BC

**Explanation:**

You need to define a custom sensitive information type that recognizes the unique 13-digit identifier format for customer records. Microsoft Purview DLP policies use these types to identify and protect sensitive data.

A Data Loss Prevention (DLP) policy is required to enforce the rules. It will allow emails with a single identifier but trigger an approval workflow when two or more identifiers are detected.

**NEW QUESTION 5**

HOTSPOT - (Topic 2)

You have a Microsoft 365 E5 subscription that contains the device configurations shown in the following table.

Name	Platform
Config1	Windows 11
Config2	macOS
Config3	Android

Each configuration uses either Google Chrome or Firefox as a default browser.

You need to implement Microsoft Purview and deploy the Microsoft Purview browser extension to the configurations.

To which configuration can each extension be deployed? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

## Answer Area

Google Chrome:

▼

Config1 only

Config2 only

Config1 and Config2 only

Config2 and Config3 only

Config1, Config2, and Config3

Firefox:

▼

Config1 only

Config2 only

Config1 and Config2 only

Config2 and Config3 only

Config1, Config2, and Config3

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

Microsoft Purview browser extensions for Endpoint DLP are supported on: Windows 10/11 (Config1)  
 macOS (Config2)  
 Not supported on Android (Config3)  
 Since Microsoft Purview does not support browser extensions on Android, Config3 is excluded from both Google Chrome and Firefox.

**NEW QUESTION 6**

HOTSPOT - (Topic 2)

You have a Microsoft 365 E5 subscription that contains the users shown in the following table.

Name	Role group
Admin1	Insider Risk Management Admins
Admin2	Insider Risk Management Analysts
Admin3	Risk Management Investigators
Admin4	Insider Risk Management Auditors

You plan to create a Microsoft Purview insider risk management case named Case1. Which insider risk management object should you select first, and which users will be added as contributors for Case1 by default?

To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

## Answer Area

Object:

▼

An alert

A policy

A risky user

A notice template

Forensic evidence

Users:

▼

Admin1 and Admin2 only

Admin2 and Admin3 only

Admin3 and Admin4 only

Admin2, Admin3, and Admin4 only

Admin1, Admin2, Admin3, and Admin4

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

Box 1: When creating a Microsoft Purview Insider Risk Management case, you must first select a risky user to investigate. The case will be built around this specific user's activities, linking alerts and risk signals to the investigation.

Box 2: The Insider Risk Management role groups determine who can access and contribute to cases:

Admin1 (Insider Risk Management Admins) Full admin access.

Admin2 (Insider Risk Management Analysts) Analysts who review cases. Admin3 (Risk Management Investigators) Investigators who work on cases. Admin4 (Insider Risk Management Auditors) Auditors who oversee cases.

All these roles have default access to insider risk cases in Microsoft Purview, so all four admins are added as contributors.

**NEW QUESTION 7**

- (Topic 2)

Your company has a Microsoft 365 tenant.

The company performs annual employee assessments. The assessment results are recorded in a document named AssessmentTemplate.docx that is created by using a Microsoft Word template. Copies of the employee assessments are sent to employees and their managers.

The assessment copies are stored in mailboxes, Microsoft SharePoint Online sites, and OneDrive folders. A copy of each assessment is also stored in a SharePoint Online folder named Assessments.

You need to create a data loss prevention (DLP) policy that prevents the employee assessments from being emailed to external users. You will use a document fingerprint to identify the assessment documents. The solution must minimize effort.

What should you include in the solution?

- A. Create a fingerprint of AssessmentTemplate.docx.
- B. Create a sensitive info type that uses Exact Data Match (EDM).
- C. Import 100 sample documents from the Assessments folder to a seed folder.
- D. Create a fingerprint of 100 sample documents in the Assessments folder.

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

Since all employee assessments follow a specific template (AssessmentTemplate.docx), the best way to identify these documents for Data Loss Prevention (DLP) is to create a document fingerprint of that template.

Document fingerprinting allows Microsoft 365 DLP policies to recognize documents based on their structure and format, even when content inside varies (such as different employee names and results). By creating a fingerprint of AssessmentTemplate.docx, any copy derived from that template will be automatically detected by the DLP policy and blocked from being emailed externally.

Steps to implement:

Create a document fingerprint of AssessmentTemplate.docx using PowerShell and the Microsoft Purview compliance portal.

Apply a DLP policy to prevent external sharing of documents matching this fingerprint. Test the policy by attempting to email an assessment externally.

**NEW QUESTION 8**

HOTSPOT - (Topic 2)

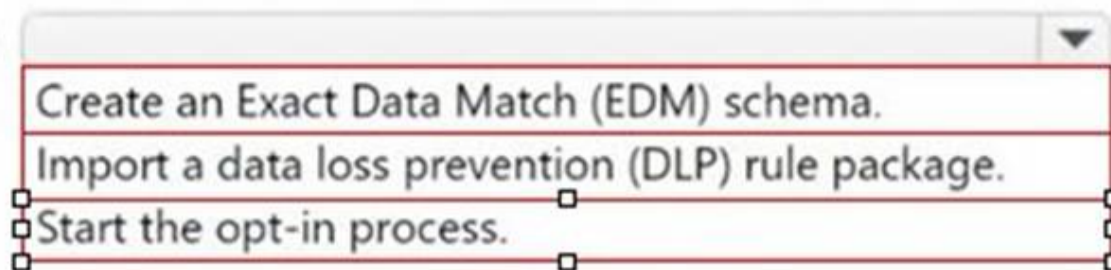
You have a new Microsoft 365 E5 tenant.

You need to create a custom trainable classifier that will detect product order forms. The solution must use the principle of least privilege.

What should you do first? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

**Answer Area**

Action to perform:



To perform the action, assign the role of:



- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

To create a custom trainable classifier in Microsoft Purview (formerly Microsoft Compliance Center), you must first opt into the trainable classifier feature. Before using custom trainable classifiers, Microsoft requires manual opt-in through the Microsoft Purview compliance portal. Without this step, you cannot create a new classifier.

The Compliance Administrator role has the necessary permissions to configure data classification, DLP policies, and trainable classifiers. Global Administrator has higher privileges but is not required for this task, violating the principle of least privilege. Security Administrator is focused on security-related settings but does not manage compliance features like classifiers.

**NEW QUESTION 9**

- (Topic 2)

You have a Microsoft 365 E5 subscription. The subscription contains 500 devices that are onboarded to Microsoft Purview.

You select Activate Microsoft Purview Audit.

You need to ensure that you can track interactions between users and generative AI websites.

What should you deploy to the devices?

- A. the Microsoft Purview extension
- B. the Microsoft Purview Information Protection client
- C. the Microsoft Defender Browser Protection extension
- D. Endpoint analytics

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

To track interactions between users and generative AI websites in Microsoft Purview Audit, you need to deploy the Microsoft Purview browser extension to the devices. This extension enables tracking of user activities on web-based applications, including AI-related tools like ChatGPT, Microsoft Copilot, and other generative AI platforms.

Microsoft Purview extension provides visibility into browser-based activities, including AI tool usage, ensuring compliance and risk management within Microsoft Purview. This extension works with Microsoft Edge and Google Chrome to track and log user interactions.

**NEW QUESTION 10**

- (Topic 2)

Your company has offices in multiple countries.

The company has a Microsoft 365 E5 subscription that uses Microsoft Purview insider risk management.

You plan to perform the following actions:

In a new country, open an office named Office1. Create a new user named User1.

Deploy insider risk management to Office1.

Add User1 to the Insider Risk Management Admins role group.

You need to ensure that User1 can perform insider risk management tasks for only the users and the devices in Office1.

What should you create first?

- A. a dynamic device group
- B. a dynamic user group
- C. an administrative unit
- D. a management group

**Answer:** C

**Explanation:**

To ensure User1 can perform insider risk management tasks only for the users and devices in Office1, the first step is to create an administrative unit in Microsoft

Entra ID (formerly Azure AD).

Administrative units allow you to scope permissions to specific users, devices, and locations. By creating an administrative unit for Office1 and assigning User1 to the Insider Risk Management Admins role group within that unit, User1 will only have access to users and devices in Office1.

**NEW QUESTION 10**

- (Topic 2)

You have a Microsoft 365 E5 subscription that contains the users shown in the following table.

Name	Description
User1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>User 1 is a regional manager.</li> <li>User1 is assigned the Reader role.</li> <li>Three department managers report to User1.</li> </ul>
User2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>User2 is the human resources (HR) department manager.</li> <li>User2 has no Microsoft Entra roles assigned.</li> <li>Five HR department users report to User2.</li> </ul>
User3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>User3 is a developer.</li> <li>User3 reports to User2.</li> <li>User3 is the only user in the compliance department.</li> <li>User3 is assigned the Compliance Administrator role.</li> </ul>
User4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>User4 is the assistant of User1.</li> <li>User4 has no Microsoft Entra roles assigned.</li> <li>User4 handles a high volume of confidential data on behalf of User1.</li> </ul>

Which users will Microsoft Purview insider risk management flag as potential high-impact users?

- A. User1 and User2 only
- B. User2 and User3 only
- C. User1, User2, and User3 only
- D. User1, User2, User3, and User4

**Answer: D**

**Explanation:**

Microsoft Purview Insider Risk Management flags high-impact users based on various risk factors, including role, access to confidential data, and influence within an organization. Let's analyze each user:

User1 (Regional Manager, assigned Reader role, manages department managers) Risk Factors:

Holds a managerial position (regional manager).

Manages multiple department managers, indicating organizational influence. Access to critical business information.

Flagged? -Yes (Managerial role and access to confidential data).

User2 (HR department manager, no Microsoft Entra roles, manages HR department users) Risk Factors:

Manages HR department users, meaning they likely handle sensitive employee data. HR roles are often considered high-risk due to access to personal and payroll data.

Flagged? -Yes (HR role and access to sensitive employee data).

User3 (Developer, reports to User2, only user in compliance, assigned Compliance Administrator role)

Risk Factors:

Compliance Administrator role grants access to sensitive security and regulatory data. Only person in the compliance department, meaning they hold a critical role.

Potentially high impact on compliance and security settings.

Flagged? -Yes (Privileged Compliance Administrator role).

User4 (Assistant to User1, no Entra roles, handles confidential data on behalf of User1)

Risk Factors:

Handles a high volume of confidential data on behalf of a regional manager. Assistants with access to sensitive data are considered insider risk candidates.

Flagged? -Yes (High access to sensitive information).

Since all four users fit high-impact criteria (managerial roles, privileged compliance access, handling sensitive data), Microsoft Purview Insider Risk Management will flag all of them.

**NEW QUESTION 13**

HOTSPOT - (Topic 2)

You have a Microsoft 365 E5 subscription that uses Microsoft Purview and just-in-time (JIT) protection. The subscription contains the users shown in the following table.

Name	JIT protection scope
User1	Included
User2	Not configured
User3	Included

The subscription contains the devices shown in the following table.

Name	Microsoft Defender
Device1	Onboarded
Device2	Onboarded
Device3	Not onboarded

The devices contain the files shown in the following table.

Name	File classification evaluation status	Location
File1.docx	Not evaluated	Device1
File2.pdf	Evaluated	Device2
File3.xlsx	Not evaluated	Device3

For each of the following statements, select Yes if the statement is true. Otherwise, select No.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

**Answer Area**

**Statements**

If User1 attempts to copy File1.docx to a removable USB drive, JIT will block the action.

Yes  No

If User2 signs in to Device2 and attempts to attach File2.pdf to an email, JIT will block the action.

Yes  No

If User3 attempts to copy File3.xlsx to a network share, JIT will generate an audit event.

Yes  No

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

Statement 1 - No. User1 is included in JIT protection. File1.docx is on Device1, which is onboarded to Microsoft Defender. However, File1.docx has not been evaluated for file classification, meaning JIT cannot enforce protection on it. If User2 signs in to Device2 and attempts to attach File2.pdf to an email, JIT will block the action.

Statement 2 - No. User2 is not configured for JIT protection (JIT does not apply to them). File2.pdf has been evaluated for classification, but since User2 is not included in JIT protection, no blocking occurs. If User3 attempts to copy File3.xlsx to a network share, JIT will generate an audit event.

Statement 3 - No. User3 is included in JIT protection. However, Device3 is not onboarded to Microsoft Defender, meaning JIT protection cannot enforce actions on it. File3.xlsx has not been evaluated, so even if the device were onboarded, JIT would not have classification data to act upon.

**NEW QUESTION 16**

DRAG DROP - (Topic 2)

You have a Microsoft 365 subscription that contains 20 data loss prevention (DLP) policies. You need to identify the following:

Rules that are applied without triggering a policy alert The top 10 files that have matched DLP policies Alerts that are miscategorized

Which report should you use for each requirement? To answer, drag the appropriate reports to the correct requirements. Each report may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Reports	Answer Area	Report
DLP policy matches	Rules that are applied without triggering a policy alert:	
False positive and override	The top 10 files that have matched DLP policies:	
Incident reports	Alerts that are miscategorized:	

- A. Mastered

B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

The False positive and override report helps identify rules that were applied but did not generate an actual policy alert, which means they were overridden or deemed false positives.

The DLP policy matches report provides details on files that matched DLP policies, including the top 10 files.

The Incident reports report helps analyze and review alerts, including those that may have been miscategorized.

**NEW QUESTION 21**

- (Topic 2)

You are creating a data loss prevention (DLP) policy that will apply to all available locations except Fabric and Power BI workspaces.

You configure an advanced DLP rule in the policy. Which type of condition can you use in the rule?

- A. Sensitive info type
- B. Content search query
- C. Sensitive label
- D. Keywords

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

When configuring an advanced DLP rule in Microsoft Purview Data Loss Prevention (DLP), you can use a Sensitive Information Type (SIT) condition to detect and classify specific types of sensitive data, such as credit card numbers, Social Security numbers, or custom sensitive data patterns. This allows you to apply protection and trigger actions based on the identified content.

**NEW QUESTION 22**

HOTSPOT - (Topic 2)

You have a Microsoft 365 E5 subscription that contains a user named User1.

You deploy Microsoft Purview Data Security Posture Management for AI (DSPM for AI). You need to ensure that User1 can perform the following actions:

View recommendations from the Recommendations page. View the user risk level for all events by using Activity explorer. The solution must follow the principle of least privilege.

To which role group should you add User1 for each action? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

## Answer Area

View the recommendations:

View the user risk level:

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

Box 1: The Insider Risk Management Investigators role allows users to view recommendations related to insider risk cases and Microsoft Purview DSPM for AI insights. This role is appropriate because it grants access to review AI-related risk recommendations without unnecessary administrative privileges.

Box 2: The Insider Risk Management Analysts role allows users to analyze user risk levels and events using Activity Explorer. This follows the principle of least privilege, ensuring that User1 can only view risk levels and investigate but does not gain full administrative control over insider risk policies.

**NEW QUESTION 24**

- (Topic 2)

You have a Microsoft 365 subscription. Users have devices that run Windows 11.

You plan to create a Microsoft Purview insider risk management policy that will detect when a user performs the following actions:

Deletes files that contain a sensitive information type (SIT) from their device  
 Copies files that contain a SIT to a USB drive  
 Prints files that contain a SIT  
 You need to prepare the environment to support the policy.  
 What should you do?

- A. Configure the physical badging connector.
- B. Configure the HR data connector.
- C. Create a Microsoft Purview communication compliance policy.
- D. Onboard the devices to Microsoft Purview.

**Answer: D**

**Explanation:**

To ensure that Microsoft Purview Insider Risk Management can detect file deletions, USB copies, and print actions on sensitive information, you must onboard the Windows 11 devices to Microsoft Purview.  
 Device onboarding enables endpoint activity monitoring, allowing Purview to track and log user activities such as file deletions, USB transfers, and printing of sensitive files. Once onboarded, the Insider Risk Management policy can analyze these activities and generate risk alerts when sensitive information types (SITs) are involved.

**NEW QUESTION 28**

- (Topic 2)

You have a Microsoft 365 E5 subscription that uses Microsoft Purview. You are creating an exact data match (EDM) classifier named EDM1. For EDM1, you upload a schema file that contains the fields shown in the following table.

Column name	Match mode
PP	EU Passport Number
Name	All Full Names
DateOfBirth	Single-token
AccountNumber	Multi-token

What is the maximum number of primary elements that EDM1 can have?

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 3
- D. 4

**Answer: B**

**Explanation:**

In Microsoft Purview Exact Data Match (EDM) classifiers, a primary element is a unique, identifying field used for data matching. EDM allows up to two primary elements per schema.  
 From the provided table, the Match mode indicates how data is analyzed: PP (EU Passport Number) Likely a primary element because it's unique.  
 Name (All Full Names) Typically not a primary element as names are common.  
 DateOfBirth (Single-token) Usually a secondary element, not unique.  
 AccountNumber (Multi-token) Can be a primary element, as it's a unique identifier.  
 Since EDM supports a maximum of two primary elements, the correct answer is 2.

**NEW QUESTION 30**

DRAG DROP - (Topic 2)

You have a Microsoft 365 E5 subscription that has data loss prevention (DLP) implemented. You need to create a custom sensitive info type. The solution must meet the following requirements:  
 Match product serial numbers that contain a 10-character alphanumeric string.  
 Ensure that the abbreviation of SN appears within six characters of each product serial number.  
 Exclude a test serial number of 1111111111 from a match.

Which pattern settings should you configure for each requirement? To answer, drag the appropriate settings to the correct requirements. Each setting may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Settings	Answer Area	Setting
Additional checks	Match product serial numbers that contain a 10-character alphanumeric string:	<input type="text"/>
Character proximity	Ensure that the abbreviation of SN appears within six characters of each product serial number:	<input type="text"/>
Confidence level	Exclude a test serial number of 1111111111 from a match:	<input type="text"/>
Primary element		
Supporting elements		

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Settings	Answer Area	Setting
Additional checks	Match product serial numbers that contain a 10-character alphanumeric string:	Primary element
Character proximity	Ensure that the abbreviation of SN appears within six characters of each product serial number:	Character proximity
Confidence level	Exclude a test serial number of 1111111111 from a match:	Additional checks
Primary element		
Supporting elements		

**NEW QUESTION 32**

- (Topic 2)

You have a Microsoft 365 E5 subscription that contains a Microsoft Teams channel named Channel1. Channel1 contains research and development documents. You plan to implement Microsoft 365 Copilot for the subscription. You need to prevent the contents of files stored in Channel1 from being included in answers generated by Copilot and shown to unauthorized users. What should you use?

- A. data loss prevention (DLP)
- B. Microsoft Purview insider risk management
- C. Microsoft Purview Information Barriers
- D. sensitivity labels

Answer: D

Explanation:

To prevent the contents of files stored in Channel1 from being included in Microsoft 365 Copilot responses and ensure unauthorized users cannot access them, you should use Microsoft Purview Sensitivity Labels. Sensitivity labels allow you to classify, protect, and restrict access to sensitive files. You can configure label-based encryption and access control policies to ensure that only authorized users can access or interact with the files in Channel1. Microsoft 365 Copilot respects sensitivity labels, meaning if a file is labeled with restricted permissions, Copilot will not use it in generated responses for unauthorized users.

**NEW QUESTION 36**

- (Topic 2)

You have a Microsoft 365 E5 subscription. You need to create a sensitivity label named Label1. The solution must ensure that users can use Microsoft 365 Copilot to summarize files that have Label1 applied. Which permission should you select for Label1?

- A. Export content(EXPORT)
- B. Copy and extract content(EXTRACT)
- C. Edit content(DOCEDIT)
- D. View rights(VIEW)

Answer: B

Explanation:

To allow Microsoft 365 Copilot to summarize files that have Label1 applied, the label must grant permission to extract content from the document. The correct permission for this is Copy and extract content (EXTRACT). Microsoft 365 Copilot requires access to read and process content in documents to generate summaries. The EXTRACT permission allows users (and AI tools like Copilot) to copy and extract content for processing while still maintaining the protection applied by the sensitivity label.

**NEW QUESTION 41**

HOTSPOT - (Topic 2)

You have a Microsoft SharePoint Online site that contains the following files.

Name	Modified by	Data loss prevention (DLP) action
File1.docx	Manager1	None
File2.docx	Manager1	Matched by DLP
File3.docx	Manager1	Blocked by DLP

Users are assigned roles for the site as shown in the following table.

Name	Role
User1	Site owner
User2	Site member

Which files can User1 and User2 open? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.  
 NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

### Answer Area

User1:

- File1.docx only
- File1.docx and File2.docx only
- File1.docx, File2.docx, and File3.docx

User2:

- File1.docx only
- File1.docx and File2.docx only
- File1.docx, File2.docx, and File3.docx

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

### Answer Area

User1:

- File1.docx only
- File1.docx and File2.docx only
- File1.docx, File2.docx, and File3.docx

User2:

- File1.docx only
- File1.docx and File2.docx only
- File1.docx, File2.docx, and File3.docx

**NEW QUESTION 45**

- (Topic 2)

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.  
 You have a Microsoft 365 tenant and 500 computers that run Windows 11. The computers are onboarded to Microsoft Purview.  
 You discover that a third-party application named Tailspin\_scanner.exe accessed protected sensitive information on multiple computers. Tailspin\_scanner.exe is installed locally on the computers.  
 You need to block Tailspin\_scanner.exe from accessing sensitive documents without preventing the application from accessing other documents.  
 Solution: From the Microsoft 365 Endpoint data loss prevention (Endpoint DLP) settings, you add a folder path to the file path exclusions.  
 Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

**Answer: B**

**Explanation:**

Adding a folder path to the file path exclusions in Microsoft 365 Endpoint DLP does not prevent Tailspin\_scanner.exe from accessing protected sensitive information. Instead, it would exclude those files from DLP protection, which is not the intended outcome.  
 To block Tailspin\_scanner.exe from accessing sensitive documents while allowing it to access other files, the correct solution is to use Microsoft Purview Endpoint Data Loss Prevention (Endpoint DLP) and add Tailspin\_scanner.exe to the Restricted Apps list.  
 Endpoint DLP allows you to block specific applications from accessing sensitive files while keeping general access available. Restricted Apps List in Endpoint DLP ensures that Tailspin\_scanner.exe cannot open, copy, or process protected documents, but it can still function normally for non-sensitive content.

**NEW QUESTION 48**

- (Topic 2)

You have a data loss prevention (DLP) policy configured for endpoints as shown in the following exhibit.

**Create rule**

Use actions to protect content when the conditions are met.

^ **Audit or restrict activities on devices** 🗑️

When specified activities are detected on devices for files containing the sensitive info you're protecting, you can choose to only audit the activity, block it entirely, or block it but allow users to override the restriction.  
[Learn more restricting device activity](#)

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**Service domain and browser activities**  
 Detects when protected files are blocked or allowed to be uploaded to cloud service domains based on the 'Allow/Block cloud service domains' list in endpoint DLP settings.

Upload to a restricted cloud service domain or access from an unallowed browsers ⓘ Block ▾

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**File activities for all apps**  
 Decide whether to apply restrictions for file related activity. Unless you choose different restrictions for restricted apps or app groups below, any restrictions you choose here will be enforced for all apps.

Don't restrict file activity

Apply restrictions to specific activity

When the activities below are detected on devices for supported files containing sensitive info that matches this policy's conditions, you can choose to audit the activity, block it entirely, or block it but allow users to override the restriction

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Copy to clipboard	ⓘ	Audit only ▾
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Copy to a USB removable media	ⓘ	Audit only ▾
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Copy to a network share	ⓘ	Audit only ▾
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Print	ⓘ	Audit only ▾

Save Cancel

From a computer named Computer1, a user can sometimes upload files to cloud services and sometimes cannot. Other users experience the same issue. What are two possible causes of the issue? Each correct answer presents a complete solution.  
 NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. The unallowed browsers in the Microsoft 365 Endpoint data loss prevention (Endpoint DLP) settings are NOT configured.
- B. There are file path exclusions in the Microsoft 365 Endpoint data loss prevention (Endpoint DLP) settings.
- C. The Access by restricted apps action is set to Audit only.
- D. The Copy to clipboard action is set to Audit only.
- E. The computers are NOT onboarded to Microsoft Purview.

**Answer:** AB

**Explanation:**

The issue where users sometimes can upload files to cloud services and sometimes cannot suggests inconsistent enforcement of Endpoint DLP policies. This can be caused by the unallowed browsers in the Microsoft 365 Endpoint DLP settings are NOT configured. Also, there are file path exclusions in the Microsoft 365 Endpoint DLP settings.

Endpoint DLP can block uploads only when using unallowed browsers. If unallowed browsers are not configured, users might be able to bypass restrictions by switching to a different browser. This could explain why uploads sometimes work and sometimes don't, depending on which browser is used.

File path exclusions allow certain files or folders to be exempt from DLP restrictions. If a specific file location is excluded, files stored there won't trigger DLP policies, leading to inconsistent behavior. This could result in some uploads being blocked while others are allowed.

**NEW QUESTION 50**

- (Topic 2)

You receive an email that contains a list of words that will be used for a sensitive information type.

You need to create a file that can be used as the source of a keyword dictionary. In which format should you save the list?

- A. an XLSX file that contains one word in each cell of the first row
- B. an XML file that contains a keyword tag for each word
- C. an ACCDB database file that contains a table named Dictionary
- D. a text file that has one word on each line

**Answer:** D

**Explanation:**

To create a keyword dictionary for a sensitive information type in Microsoft Purview Data Loss Prevention (DLP), you must use a plain text (.txt) file where each keyword is on a separate line.

Format Example (TXT file): confidential sensitive classified top secret

This format is simple, efficient, and directly compatible with Microsoft 365 DLP policies for keyword dictionaries.

How to use the keyword dictionary?

Create a text file with one keyword per line.

Upload it to Microsoft Purview under Data Classification > Sensitive Info Types. Use the dictionary in a DLP policy to identify and protect sensitive information.

**NEW QUESTION 53**

HOTSPOT - (Topic 2)

You have a Microsoft 365 subscription.

You plan to deploy an audit log retention policy.

You need to perform a search to validate whether the policy will be applied to the intended entries.

Which two fields should you configure for the search? To answer, select the appropriate fields in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

# Search

Learn about audit

<p><b>Searches completed</b> 0</p> <p><b>Active searches</b> 0</p> <p><b>Active unfiltered searches</b> 0</p>	<p><b>Date and time range (UTC) *</b></p> <p>Start <input type="text" value="Aug"/> <input type="text" value="00:00"/></p> <p>End <input type="text" value="Aug"/> <input type="text" value="00:00"/></p> <p><b>Keyword Search</b> <input type="text" value="Enter the keyword to search for"/></p> <p><b>Admin Units</b> <input type="text" value="Choose which Admin Units to se..."/></p>	<p><b>Activities - friendly names</b> <input type="text" value="Choose which activities to search ..."/></p> <p><b>Activities - operation names</b> <input type="text" value="Enter operation values, separated by ..."/></p> <p><b>Record types</b> <input type="text" value="Select the record types to search f..."/></p> <p><b>Search name</b> <input type="text" value="Give the search a name"/></p>	<p><b>Users</b> <input type="text" value="Add the users whose audit logs you ..."/></p> <p><b>File, folder, or site</b> <input type="text" value="Enter all or a part of the name of a fil..."/></p> <p><b>Workloads</b> <input type="text" value="Enter the workloads to search for"/></p>
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- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

To validate whether an audit log retention policy will apply to the intended entries, you should configure the following fields:

Date and time range (UTC) ensures that you are searching for audit logs within the time period when the policy should be applied. Audit logs are time-sensitive, and policies affect logs based on their timestamp.

Record types allows you to filter and search for specific audit log categories (e.g., Exchange, SharePoint, Teams, etc.) that are affected by the retention policy.

Selecting the correct record type ensures that the policy is evaluated against the relevant data.

**NEW QUESTION 54**

- (Topic 2)

You have a Microsoft 365 E5 subscription.

You need to create static retention policies for the following locations:

Teams chats Exchange email SharePoint sites Microsoft 365 Groups

Teams channel messages

What is the minimum number of retention policies required?

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 3
- D. 4
- E. 5

**Answer:** C

**Explanation:**

In Microsoft Purview Data Lifecycle Management, different Microsoft 365 locations require separate retention policies because they fall under different storage and compliance models.

Teams Chats & Teams Channel Messages (1 Policy) require a separate retention policy because Teams messages are stored differently than Exchange and SharePoint content. One policy can cover both Teams chats and Teams channel messages. Exchange Email (1 Policy) requires its own separate policy since emails are managed differently than Teams or SharePoint content. SharePoint Sites & Microsoft 365 Groups (1 Policy) are both stored in SharePoint Online, so they can be managed under one policy.

**NEW QUESTION 55**

- (Topic 2)

You have a Microsoft SharePoint Online site named Site1 that contains a document library. The library contains more than 1,000 documents. Some of the documents are job applicant resumes. All the documents are in the English language.

You plan to apply a sensitivity label automatically to any document identified as a resume. Only documents that contain work experience, education, and accomplishments must be labeled automatically.

You need to identify and categorize the resumes. The solution must minimize administrative effort.

What should you include in the solution?

- A. a trainable classifier
- B. a keyword dictionary
- C. a function
- D. an exact data match (EDM) classifier

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

Since you need to automatically apply a sensitivity label to resumes based on their content and structure (work experience, education, accomplishments), a trainable classifier is the best choice.

Trainable classifiers use machine learning to identify unstructured data, such as resumes, contracts, or legal documents. Instead of relying on predefined patterns (like keywords or regular expressions), a trainable classifier learns from sample documents and can accurately identify resumes even if they are formatted differently.

Final Approach:

Train a trainable classifier using sample resumes. Deploy the classifier in Microsoft Purview.

Configure a sensitivity label to be automatically applied when a document matches the classifier.

**NEW QUESTION 59**

- (Topic 2)

You have Microsoft 365 E5 subscription.

You create two alert policies named Policy1 and Policy2 that will be triggered at the times shown in the following table.

Policy	Time (hh:mm:ss)
Policy1	10:00:00
Policy2	10:00:03
Policy1	10:00:04
Policy2	10:00:31
Policy1	10:01:01
Policy1	10:04:45

How many alerts will be added to the Microsoft Purview portal?

- A. 2
- B. 3
- C. 4
- D. 5
- E. 6

**Answer:** D

**Explanation:**

In Microsoft Purview, when multiple alert policies trigger alerts, duplicate alerts within a short period (typically 5 minutes) may be suppressed to avoid redundancy. Step-by-step Analysis:

Policy	Time Triggered (hh:mm:ss)	New Alert?
Policy1	10:00:00	Yes
Policy2	10:00:03	Yes
Policy1	10:00:04	No (Duplicate within 5 min)
Policy2	10:00:31	No (Duplicate within 5 min)
Policy1	10:01:01	Yes
Policy1	10:04:45	Yes

Policy1 at 10:00:04 is ignored because Policy1 already triggered at 10:00:00, and it's within 5 minutes.  
 Policy2 at 10:00:31 is ignored because Policy2 already triggered at 10:00:03, and it's within 5 minutes.  
 Policy1 at 10:01:01 is a new alert because it's over 1 minute after the previous Policy1 alert.  
 Policy1 at 10:04:45 is a new alert because it's over 3 minutes after the previous Policy1 alert.

**NEW QUESTION 61**

- (Topic 2)

You have a Microsoft 365 E5 subscription.

You need to enable support for sensitivity labels in Microsoft SharePoint Online. What should you use?

- A. the Microsoft Purview portal
- B. the Microsoft Entra admin center
- C. the SharePoint admin center
- D. the Microsoft 365 admin center

**Answer:** C

**Explanation:**

To enable support for sensitivity labels in Microsoft SharePoint Online, you must configure the setting in the SharePoint admin center. Sensitivity labels in SharePoint Online allow labeling and protection of files stored in SharePoint and OneDrive. This feature must be enabled in the SharePoint admin center Settings Information protection to allow sensitivity labels to apply encryption and protection to stored documents.

**NEW QUESTION 66**

- (Topic 2)

You have Microsoft 365 E5 subscription that uses data loss prevention (DLP) to protect sensitive information.  
You have a document named Form.docx.  
You plan to use PowerShell to create a document fingerprint based on Form.docx. You need to first connect to the subscription.  
Which cmdlet should you run?

- A. Connect-IPPSSession
- B. Connect-SPOService
- C. Connect-ExchangeOnline
- D. Connect-MgGraph

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

To create a document fingerprint in Microsoft 365 Data Loss Prevention (DLP), you need to use PowerShell for Microsoft Purview. The correct cmdlet to connect to the Microsoft 365 Security & Compliance Center (where DLP policies are managed) is Connect- IPPSSession. This cmdlet establishes a PowerShell session to manage DLP policies, compliance settings, and document fingerprinting.

**NEW QUESTION 67**

- (Topic 2)

You are planning a data loss prevention (DLP) solution that will apply to Windows Client computers.  
You need to ensure that when users attempt to copy a file that contains sensitive information to a USB storage device, the following requirements are met:  
If the users are members of a group named Group1, the users must be allowed to copy the file, and an event must be recorded in the audit log.  
All other users must be blocked from copying the file. What should you create?

- A. one DLP policy that contains one DLP rule
- B. one DLP policy that contains two DLP rules
- C. two DLP policies that each contains one DLP rule

**Answer:** B

**Explanation:**

To meet the requirements, you need one DLP policy with two separate DLP rules to handle the different conditions:

- \* 1. First DLP Rule (For Group1 Members): If the user is a member of Group1 and attempts to copy a file with sensitive data to a USB storage device. Allow the file copy but log the event in the audit log.
- \* 2. Second DLP Rule (For All Other Users): If any user who is NOT in Group1 attempts to copy a file with sensitive data to a USB storage device. Block the file transfer.

**NEW QUESTION 71**

- (Topic 2)

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have a Microsoft 365 tenant and 500 computers that run Windows 11. The computers are onboarded to Microsoft Purview.

You discover that a third-party application named Tailspin\_scanner.exe accessed protected sensitive information on multiple computers. Tailspin\_scanner.exe is installed locally on the computers.

You need to block Tailspin\_scanner.exe from accessing sensitive documents without preventing the application from accessing other documents.

Solution: From the Microsoft Defender for Cloud Apps, you mark the application as Unsanctioned.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

**Answer:** B

**Explanation:**

Marking Tailspin\_scanner.exe as "Unsanctioned" in Microsoft Defender for Cloud Apps only blocks its usage in cloud-based activities (such as accessing SharePoint, OneDrive, or Exchange Online). However, it does not prevent a locally installed application on Windows 11 devices from accessing sensitive files.

To block Tailspin\_scanner.exe from accessing sensitive documents while allowing it to access other files, the correct solution is to use Microsoft Purview Endpoint Data Loss Prevention (Endpoint DLP) and add Tailspin\_scanner.exe to the Restricted Apps list.

Endpoint DLP allows you to block specific applications from accessing sensitive files while keeping general access available. Restricted Apps List in Endpoint DLP ensures that Tailspin\_scanner.exe cannot open, copy, or process protected documents, but it can still function normally for non-sensitive content.

**NEW QUESTION 73**

- (Topic 2)

You have a Microsoft 365 E5 tenant.

You need to add a new keyword dictionary. What should you create?

- A. a trainable classifier
- B. a retention policy
- C. a sensitivity label
- D. a sensitive info type

**Answer:** D

**Explanation:**

To add a new keyword dictionary in Microsoft Purview Data Loss Prevention (DLP), you must create a Sensitive Information Type (SIT).

Sensitive Info Types (SITs) allow you to define custom detection rules, including keyword dictionaries, regular expressions, and functions for identifying sensitive content in emails, documents, and other Microsoft 365 locations. A keyword dictionary is a list of predefined words/phrases that Microsoft Purview can use to identify and classify content for DLP policies.

Steps to add a keyword dictionary:

- \* 1. Go to Microsoft Purview compliance portal
- \* 2. Navigate to Data classification > Sensitive info types
- \* 3. Create a new sensitive info type
- \* 4. Add a keyword dictionary
- \* 5. Save and use it in a DLP policy

#### NEW QUESTION 74

- (Topic 2)

You have a Microsoft 365 subscription.

You need to ensure that users can apply retention labels to individual documents in their Microsoft SharePoint libraries.

Which two actions should you perform? Each correct answer presents part of the solution. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. From Microsoft Defender for Cloud Apps, create a file policy.
- B. From the SharePoint admin center, modify the Site Settings.
- C. From the SharePoint admin center, modify the records management settings.
- D. From the Microsoft Purview portal, publish a label.
- E. From the Microsoft Purview portal, create a label.

**Answer:** DE

#### Explanation:

To allow users to apply retention labels to individual documents in Microsoft SharePoint libraries, you need to create a retention label and publish the label. In Microsoft Purview, retention labels define how long content should be retained or deleted. You must first create a label that specifies the retention rules. After creating the label, you must publish it so that it becomes available for users in SharePoint document libraries. Once published, users can manually apply the retention label to individual documents.

#### NEW QUESTION 75

- (Topic 2)

You have a Microsoft 365 E5 subscription.

You plan to implement insider risk management for users that manage sensitive data associated with a project.

You need to create a protection policy for the users. The solution must meet the following requirements:

Minimize the impact on users who are NOT part of the project. Minimize administrative effort.

What should you do first?

- A. From the Microsoft Purview portal, create an insider risk management policy.
- B. From the Microsoft Entra admin center, create a security group
- C. C From the Microsoft Entra admin center create a User risk policy D From the Microsoft Purview portal create a priority user group

**Answer:** B

#### Explanation:

To implement insider risk management for users managing sensitive project data while minimizing the impact on other users and reducing administrative effort, you should first create a security group in Microsoft Entra ID (formerly Azure AD).

Security groups allow you to scope insider risk management policies to specific users instead of applying policies to all users, which helps in minimizing unnecessary alerts and reducing administrative overhead. After creating the security group, you can assign this group to a Microsoft Purview Insider Risk Management policy, ensuring that only project-related users are affected.

#### NEW QUESTION 79

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